# **Grub-Staking** Society

MORE power is required to plow the fields of America than is used in all its factories.

In view of the decrease of man-power on the farms, the importance of motor-power is demonstrated easily. With hand-labor the time required to produce a bushel of wheat was a little over three hours. With improved machinery this has been reduced to ten minutes. Power machinery has multiplied the power of man eighteen times.

The gasoline engine is the only power unit embracing all requirements for farm work.

It looks as though it is up to gasoline to grubstake society.

For years hand-labor has been leaving the farms and motor-power has been taking its place.

Long ago the Standard Oil Company (Indiana) realized that if America was to maintain its bounteous crop production there must be close cooperation between the Company and the farmer; therefore, the Company proceeded to build up through the farm districts of the Middle West the most complete system of distribution of oil products in the world.

This delivery system with its 3,780 bulk stations, its 7,000 motor trucks and tank wagons, its 1,300 Service Stations, and its personnel of 10,000 trained men, could not be built up in a month or in a year. It is the result of long and patient effort.

This immense system for the production and distribution of gasoline and other petroleum products is complete, installed and in full operation now, when it is needed as never before.

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A medicine which has given satisfaction to its good medicine. If you suffer from female troubles, and need a reliable, strengthening tonic, of real medicinal value, as proven by the experience of thousands of

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GOLDEN ROD



## PROBLEMS FACING STRICKEN WORLD

Shall Chaos or Reconstruction in Europe Follow the Great World War?

#### RUSSIANS MISLED BY LENINE

Claim That Bolshevik Government Es tablishes Equality Palpably False-Despotic Power Put in Officeholders' Hands.

Article XXII.

By FRANK COMERFORD.

The first great hypocrisy of the bolshevik government was its pretense at establishing equality. Caste and class reminded the Russians of suffering. The soviet government, through the people's commissars, issued the following decree:

"All designations, such as merchant, nobleman, burgber, peasant; titles, such as prince, count, etc., and distine tions of civil ranks, privy, state and other councilors, are abolished, and one designation is established for all the population of Russia-Citizen of Russian Republic.

Article 4 of the constitution makes bare the insincerity of the decree, I does more. It gives evidence of the great felony committed against the freedom of the Russian people by Le

These three classes shall have the right to hold office and to vote. They are made citizens of Russia by the constitution:

First. All Russians that are eighteen years of age and who have acquired the means of living, through labor that is productive and useful to society and also persons engaged in house keeping for the former.

Second. Soldlers of the army and

Third, Members of the former two classes, when incapacitated.

But the constitution goes further it tells who shall not hold office and shall not vote: First, Persons who employ hired la

bor in order to obtain profit. Second. Persons who have an in-come, such as interest in capital, rents,

receipts from property, etc. Third, Private merchants, trade and ommercial brokers.

Fourth. Monks and clergy of al mominations.

Fifth, Employees and agents of the former police, the gendarmery, and the czar's secret service; also mem bers of the former reigning dynasty. Sixth. The demented or mentally de ficient.

Seventh, Persons who have been de prived by a soviet of their rights of citizenship, because of selfishness, or dishonorable offenses, for the period fixed by the sentence.

## Makes Officeholders Despots.

Section 7 affords great opportunity for construction: the soviets are given power to disfranchise citizens, because of "selfishness or dishonorable offenses." Who is to say what shall constitute these offenses? The courts? No. The people? No. The political office holders? Yes. When we remember that the first thing that the bolsheviks did when they came into power was to drive from the soviets every one who disagreed with the bolshevik plan of nism, at once and by force, I is easy to understand the terrible pow er given in this phrase and the tyran nical use that may be made of it. Every difference of opinion with their meth eds or plans would be a selfish and dishonorable offense in the eyes of the bolshevik rulers, and the foolhardy dissenter could be stripped of his citizen ship, and, no doubt, would be. This section writes the death warrant of freedom of opinion; it gives to the so viets a bludgeon with which to beat a man out of citizenship who ventures an opinion at variance with the linposed order. It makes the citizen the servant, the officeholder the master; it is government upside down,

In a note to Section 64 of Article 4 of the constitution, we learn the local soviets may, with the consent of the people's commissars, "lower the age qualification for voters,"

What a splendld opportunity this joker in the constitution offers for political jockeying. If the central power discovers it is about to lose control of a village or rural soviet, it has the power to nip the uprising in the bud. The people's commissars can arrange with the minority in the soviet in question to reduce the age limit and give the vote to young boys and girls. When it is remembered that the constitution directs the people's commissar of education to introduce in all schools and educational institutions of Russia the study and explanation and justification of the bolshevik constitution, it is not hard to understand that young people into whose minds have een driven and drilled a reverence for bolshevism and its methods, could be expected to vote for and support the bolshevik program.

Best Citizens Disfranchised.

Three groups of people classified by their occupations are permitted citizenship. They are the members of the army and navy, the working men and women, and the peasants who do not hire labor. Every one else is made an outcast. The map who has saved a little money, earned in the sweat of his face, and invested it, is not perwitted to become a citizen; the man who has a little shop-it may repre sent the sacrifices and savings of his whole life-comes under the ban, he is unfit for free citizenship in bolshe vik Russia; the farmer who hires help, and almost every farmer is com pelled to employ help in the harvest time, is a criminal exploiter and he is denied the right to vote or hold an office.

The man who devotes his life to religion, who comforts the poor, visits the sick, the servant of God, is driver from the political house; he is denied the right to vote. It is dangerous to give the thrifty, the industrious, the vote. The fact that they were born in Russia, that their parents and grandparents were natives to the soil for centuries, means nothing. These disfranchised ones speak the Russian language; it is their only tongue, Their blood has had a part in Russian suffering. The bolshevik constitution exiles them. They are natives without a country; and why? Because by honesty and industry they have saved t little; because they have tried to get on. Lenine says such people are filled with dangerous ambition; they are climbing the ladder of capitalism: they are dangerous to the proletariat

The soldier is not an employer of labor; he cannot be; he is given vote. The sailor is not an employer of labor; he cannot be; he is given a vote.

The constitutional provision defining citizenship puts a premium on indolence, a penalty on industry; it encour ages waste; it punishes economy; it makes the successful an outcast; it makes of the ne'er-do-well a citizen frugality, thrift and industry are crimes; those who possess these qualities are branded as undesirables they are denied citizenship.

## No Possible Justification.

Lenine tries to justify all of this saying that in the transition from capitalism to socialism it is necessary to rule with an iron hand, Capitalism must be destroyed. The system must be uprooted. Even so, what right has Lenine, without the consent of the majority; to take citizenship from native Russians? What is his excuse for it? Where is the force of his argument? Even admitting, for the sake of argument, that communism, bolshevism, is a panacea for all the Ilis of the human race, what right has Lenine and his minority to force it on the people of Russia? Conceding his creed is for the common good, is it not his first duty to make the people see and understand its virtues, and then, by and with the majority consent, put the creed to the test? To assert that his program is economic does not change the fact that his methods are not dem ocratic. The Lenine system of disfranchising the people is bound to de-

moralize them. How can a people be free without learning self-reliance, without trying self-government? Proclaiming people free does not make them free. Free-dom is action. It is thinking. It is the ability to govern one's self. It comes from experience and exercise in governing one's seif. The definition of freedom is self-determination, and the word "self" is an important part of the definition. Admitting for the mo ment that Lenine is trying to govern the people for their benefit, although he is not giving them a thinking part in the government, does it not follow that his methods incapacitate the people for self-government? How can a child learn to walk except by trying, and even though the child stum bles and falls, is bruised and hort, these experiences are part of the edueation in walking.

Real Test of Freedom. The right to vote is the test of freem. Rob a free man of his voting right and you make of him something less than a free man. It does not matter whether you treat him well or not. if you rule him without giving him a say in his own government, you destroy his independence. Suppose the constitution of a debating society, a lodge, a farmer's grange, a labor union, declared that some members could hold office and vote, while others were not eligible for office and could not vote. What would be the position in the body of those who were denfed all right of participation in its affairs? They would be compelled to obey the rules, do the bidding and bow to the wish of those who had the right to vote. What would be the effect upon the voteless ones? They would be demoralized; they would become nonentitles. Those possessing the voting power would grow arrogant, arbitrary and autocratic. The war of the ages, the struggle of all history, has been the fight of men for equality in government. The right to vote is the test. (Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union)

World in Danger From Plague.

Danger from plague-infected ports in the Mediterranean is pointed out by Doctor Benumetz of the Pasteur institute, who says that reports show a recrudescence of the plague, especially in Syria, Saloniki, Alexandria and Constantinople, where energetic measures are being taken, especially for the protection of allied troops. Doctor Beaumetz expresses the opinion that the plague will not become general, but urges strict sanitary measures at French ports.

"Same Insolent Germany"

At the annual public meeting of the French Academy of Science President Guignard told of the part played by science in the victory of the Allies, and explained the inventions produced to oppose the devices used by the enemy.

M. Guignard declared that Germany today was the same as before, with the same insolent scorn for promises made and the same hope for an opportune return of her strength.

## HISTORY OF MENDENHALL'S NUMBER 40 FOR THE BLOOD

Forty years ago an old doctor was putting up a medicine for discases of the blood that cured the worst cases and time proved that the cures were permanent. After many years I secured the prescription, being a druggist, and took each ingredient separately and referred to my U. S. Dispensatory and other authoritative books on medicine and found the medicinal properties set down as follows:

"A specific in its influence upon all glandular structures of whatever character, it is also a blood making remedy of great power. Acts directly upon the skin and is indicated in eczema, liching, sores, tuleers, pimples and skin eruptions of whatever character. Employed in chronic rheumatism, catarrh, constipation, stomach, kidney and SOLD BY E. M. LAAKMAN.

SOLD BY E. M. LAAKMAN.

EFFICIENCY OF PLANT IMPROVED WITH MUSIC

Wilmington, Delaware, June 28.— Efficiency among workers in the plant of a tobacco company here has increased 20 per cent since the inaug-

uration of a continuous musical pro gram during working hours. A grat-ifying feature of the innovation is that while classical or semi-classical music has been found beneficial, "jaz" has proved detrimental to efficiency.

A player piano has been installed

A player plane has been instance in the wrapping department of the plant, rolls have been purchased and a boy hired to "make melody" from the time the girls begin work until they stop. Playing and singing is practically continuous. Whether following the measured tempo of a sentimental ballad or the accelerated timental ballad or the accelerated time of a march, nimble fingers move accelerated more rapidly and production is creased.

Each week new rolls are bought and each week a singer from the ser-vice organization teaches the girls a

ew song. "It works wonderfully well," said an official of the company today "I have noticed, however, that rag today. time upsets the girls, disturbs their work and hurts production. I have hought only rolls of semi-classical nature, and there is a mild ban on all 'jaz' music."

#### BAG GRAPES ON THE VINE

During the growing season grape are subject to a number of fungus di-senses which may result in the rot-ting of many of the berries. Just be-fore maturing they are often injured by birds or wasps—the result of the combined attacks being few good, sound bunches. Thorough spraying treatment will control the fungus dis-cases, though it will do little toward good way to protect the grapes on a few vines about the home is to tie pa-per bags over them when the berries per bags over them when the berries are half grown, or even earlier, according to the University of Missouri College of Agriculture. These are then left in place until the fruit is mature and ready to be picked. The presence of the paper bags in no way interferes with the ripening process of the fruit and if they are tied on in time they practically insure freedom from insect, birds and fungus injury. The labor involved is negligible and The labor involved is negligible and the cost of the sacks is very small in comparison with the value of the fruit.

#### SECOND HAND GOODS NOT IN DEMAND

with everybody in the corporate limits ought to be backed into the woodshed and relieved of her overflow of slush with a No. 11 slipper laid carelessly across the hiplets. We shoat through a barbed-wire fence than have her change partners six nights a week in the front parlor with the light turned low. It is harder to marry off a girl who has been pawed over by every yap in the community than to fatten sheep on pineapple ice. You can't goldbrick a suitor with second-hand goods, any more than you can fit a bathrobe on a goat.-Ex.

### NOTHING NEW

Why all this furor among certain Republican politicians about "house-cleaning" the party? The handling of political slush funds is nothing new with them or their campaign methods. with them or their campaign methods. Money has always been their principal argument, and the Mark Hanna method of conducting campaigns has been winked at and secretly approved. The Lowden corruption fund of \$38,-000 turned over to Liv Morse and National Committeeman Babler and other lesser ward bosses and heelers is a mere drop in the bucket. It was the unusual experter of the graft and the unusual exposure of the graft and the shock it gave to the moral sensi-bility of the less politically sophisti-cated public that has caused some of the would-be bosses and leaders to rise up in indignant self-righteous-ness and demand that Morse, Babler and the ward handlers of the Lowden slush be dethroned.

Former Governor Hadley from somewhere out West, scenting the in-dignation against his former politi-cal associates and partisan leaders, is moved to turn State's evidence against them in a self-righteous spurt to help in the "house cleaning." and tells the public that these indicted bosses even received \$50,000 from the Taft campaign managers with which to carry the State for him, besides other monthe State for him, besides other monies derived from other sources. But Mr. Hadley, as did all the other Republican politicians who had any knowledge of these corruption fund methods, kept the real facts a sacred party secret. We don't see that his belated "anitching" at this juncture reflects any credit on his political purity, Why, the Republican organization of State and petty ward bosses and vote-manipulators has always derived whatever influence it exercised from its distribution of slush funds from the National Republican Committee and managers of presidential mittee and managers of presidential aspirants. But now, "the devil is sick, the devil a saint would be."

SOUTHERN METHODISTS ARE TO MEET IN ARCADIA

Rev. Clarence Burton, paster of Wagoner Place Southern Methodist church, is spending the week at Arcachurch, is spending the week at Arca-dia, Mo., supervising preparations for the sessions of the Arcadia Assembly of the Southern Methodists, which will be held July 6 to 25. Members of the Epworth League, who will have charge of the first week, have re-ceived such a large preliminary en-listment that the attendance is ex-pected to be larger than in any prepected to be larger than in any pre-

The girl who insists on spooning! Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured by lecal applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhai deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhai Deafness is caused by an infamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tune is infamed you have a rumbling cound or iminance you have a rumbling cound or iminflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed. Dasfaces is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forewar. Many cases of desfaces are caused by catarrh, which is an inflammed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood, on the mucous surfaces of the system.

the blood on the indexed Dollars for system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deartheas that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars fee. All Druggiats. 76c.

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We are supplied and prepared at all times, throughout the year, to supply anything desired in the way of

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riage, and received much help from it. Cardui is the best medicine I ever took . . . it was the only medicine . . . that belped my back . . . " Try Cardui." All Druggists

women users, TAKE

Mrs. C. S. Budd, of Covina, Calif., in writing of her experience with Cardui, says: "I took a bottle at 13 years old, and it cured my headaches. I have taken it since mar-

portance during the war—will be just as important this year, according to present indications, as they are viewed by the United States Department of Agriculture. The shortage of labor on the farms makes it necessary for canneries to pay high prices for the products to be canned later in the season. Labor in canning factories is expensive and hard to obtain. Everyexpensive and hard to obtain. Every-thing has increased in price and transportation is slow and more expensive than it was in war times. This in-crease must be paid by the consumer; and there is not even the assurance there will be enough canned products to go around. The solution is home Thick Syrup Not Necessary

Because sugar is higher in price than it ever has been before, some have advocated canning less fruit or nothing but vegetables; but unless one nothing but vegetables; but unless one gives up sweets altogether, there seems to be no good reason for not using canned fruit. There are few deserts which take less than a half cup of sugar and no dessert is more healthful than fruit. It is not necessary to use such thick syrup as was used in the Gays when sugar was eight cents a pound. A syrup of one part sugar and nine parts water will make any of the acid fruits palatable. Corn syrup may be substituted for sugar in making the syrup. A good syrup is made by mixing one-half cup sugar, one cup corn syrup and eight

syrup is made by mixing one-half cup sugar, one cup corn syrup and eight cups of water.

It requires about seven ounces of sugar for a pint jar. One cup of sugar will make ten cups of syrup. A pound of sugar will make 20 cups. This last amount will be enough for 20 pints of canned fruits.

Where this syrup is used, the cost of sugar to can a pint jar is 1 1-2c, with sugar at 30 cents a pound. It is not so expensive after all.

The President at last signs the water power bill, which means great development west of the rockies, electrification of railroads, power for man-ufacturing and irrigation, etc. Now all depends on rules and regulations under which development is possible.

## QUANTITY and QUALITY

J. 18868888888888

WFe must always have quantities of flour on hand to take care of our exceedingly large demand. But let us say that that demand is constant only because the quality is in every bag. Better let us send you a few sacks of our

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